

# Contain Azure AI Foundry Agents

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Aviatrix Validated Containment Architectures are lab-tested containment deployment blueprints for the AI platforms enterprises are actually running. Ship-ready, policy-included, validated before they arrive. This Validated Containment Architecture covers Azure AI Foundry Agents.



## The Threat

Azure AI Foundry BYOVNet mode solves the network isolation problem – agents run in subnets you control. But subnet delegation for hosted container creates a no-control egress path that is invisible to enterprise security policy.

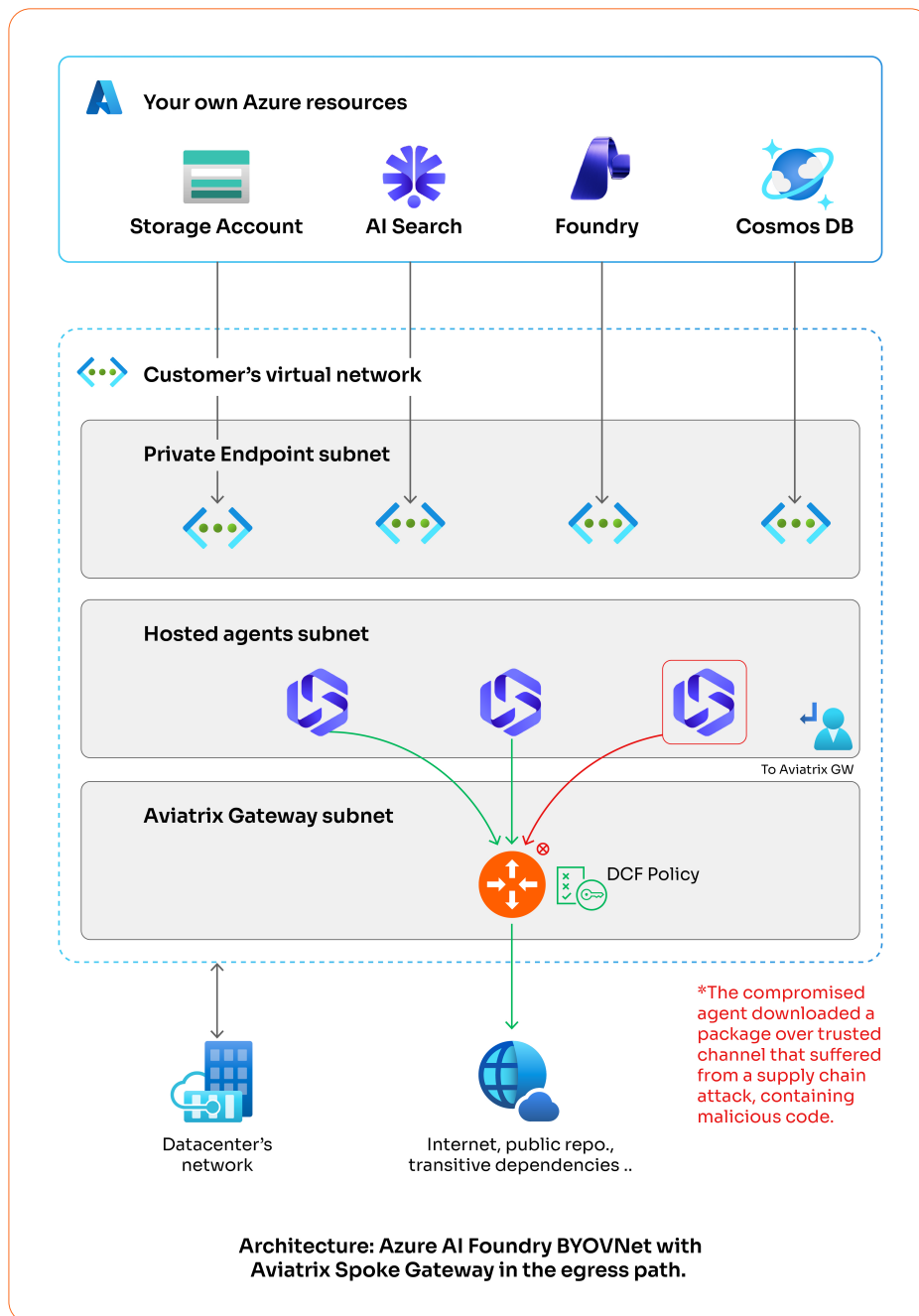
Three problems compound this exposure:

Threat	What It Means
<b>Unrestricted tool-call egress</b>	Every tool call, MCP server connection, and Code Interpreter outbound request routes through the delegated agent subnet to the open internet. Prompt injection or a compromised MCP server can exfiltrate data through that path with no network-layer barrier.
<b>Indiscriminate TLS decryption breaks the runtime</b>	Applying TLS inspection broadly to the hosted agent subnet path breaks Azure hosted agent control-plane traffic – AAD token acquisition, container image pulls, ACA infrastructure calls. The security solution optionally decrypts tool-call traffic while explicitly bypassing decryption for Azure control-plane destinations.
<b>Per-stack firewall sprawl</b>	Azure Firewall on a stick solves egress for one Foundry deployment on one stack. Enterprises running Foundry alongside AWS Bedrock AgentCore, Kubernetes-hosted agents, and self-hosted frameworks end up with incompatible policy engines, separate audit logs, and no unified enforcement primitive across the AI agent estate.

# The Architecture

The VCA uses two enforcement layers, both transparent to the agent container:

Layer	What It Does
<b>Egress enforcement with selective TLS decryption</b>	The Aviatrix Spoke Gateway is deployed in the Foundry spoke VNet. A User-Defined Route (UDR) on the hosted agent subnet routes all egress through the Spoke Gateway. DCF selectively decrypts tool-call traffic (external MCP servers, Code Interpreter, REST API calls) while explicitly bypassing decryption for Azure control-plane FQDNs and Service Tags – AzureActiveDirectory, AzureContainerAppsService, and ACA runtime requirements – via DECRYPT_NOT_ALLOWED rules. The ACA runtime never sees a certificate it does not trust.
<b>East-West lateral movement containment</b>	SmartGroup East-West policy denies traffic from the Foundry agent subnet to adjacent workload spokes. A compromised agent cannot reach databases, internal APIs, or other workloads in connected VNet spokes – even if those resources are reachable by other workloads in the same enterprise transit.
<b>Two deployment paths</b>	Enterprises already running Aviatrix Enterprise Transit attach the Foundry spoke to the existing transit – same control plane, same console, same policy model as every other spoke in the fabric. Organizations deploying Foundry for the first time with no Transit in place use a standalone Spoke Gateway inside the Foundry VNet – one UDR on the agent subnet, no hub peering, no on-premises connectivity required. The standalone gateway connects to Enterprise Transit later if the network footprint grows.
<b>Policy as code</b>	The DCF WebGroup allowlist and SmartGroup definitions are Terraform-native. They live in the same repository as the agent configuration and update in the same pipeline run. When an agent adds a new MCP server or changes its tool set, the egress policy updates in the same commit – no out-of-band network team coordination required.



## Three Things Your Current Stack Can't Do

### 01 Inspect Foundry agent tool calls without breaking the runtime

Azure Firewall cannot apply TLS inspection selectively – it either decrypts everything, which breaks ACA control-plane traffic, or nothing. Aviatrix Distributed Cloud Firewall uses per-rule decryption scoping: tool-call egress is inspected, Azure control-plane traffic is bypassed automatically via Service Tags. No manual IP maintenance. No runtime failures.

### 02 Block lateral movement from a compromised agent to adjacent spokes

Azure Firewall governs internet egress. Foundry Guardrails govern content. Neither controls East-West traffic inside the VNet. Aviatrix SmartGroup policy enforces identity-aware deny rules between the Foundry agent subnet and adjacent workload spokes – before the agent ever tries to reach them.

### 03 Update egress policy in the same pipeline as the agent

Azure Firewall is managed outside the agent's release pipeline. Every new MCP server or tool change requires a separate network team ticket – pressure to over-permit rather than stay least-privilege. Aviatrix policy is Terraform-native: the allowlist lives in the same repo as the agent config and deploys in the same pipeline run.

## Compliance Evidence

For HIPAA, PCI-DSS 4.0, SOC 2, EU AI Act, DORA, and FedRAMP environments, auditors require architectural proof of enforcement, not a policy document. CoPilot, Distributed Cloud Firewall, and SmartGroup logs as well as infrastructure-as-code evidence prove that this Validated Containment Architecture provides continuous enforcement. The proof of enforcement is the architecture itself – not a statement about the architecture.

## Questions Worth Asking

- How many AI agents are running in your environment right now – and how many are fully inventoried?
- If a compromised agent attempted to exfiltrate data to an external domain, what in your stack would catch it?
- How are you currently proving to auditors that AI workload egress is controlled – not just described in policy?

## What's Included

Deliverable	Detail
<b>Insertion pattern</b>	Aviatrix Spoke Gateway deployed in the Foundry spoke VNet with a User-Defined Route on the hosted agent subnet – transparent to the agent container, no code changes required
<b>SmartGroup and WebGroup model</b>	SmartGroup and WebGroup objects keyed to Foundry's identity primitives: hosted agent subnet, hosted agent platform FQDNs, Azure Service Tag SmartGroups (auto-updating), approved tool-call destinations, and adjacent spoke resources for East-West containment
<b>Default-deny DCF policy pack</b>	Prioritized rules covering threat intelligence deny, hosted agent runtime platform permits, tool-call egress with optional selective TLS decryption, and East-West lateral movement deny – all logging-enabled to CoPilot and DCF logs.
<b>Deployment guide</b>	Lab-validated reference architecture tested against prompt injection exfiltration, lateral movement to adjacent spoke private endpoints, and hosted agent runtime startup with Aviatrix in-path
<b>Terraform blueprint</b>	Infrastructure as code for the full deployment – ships in the GitHub repository, deployable against existing Aviatrix Enterprise Transit or as a standalone Spoke Gateway with no Transit required

# Get Started

The Validated Containment Architecture for Azure AI Foundry Agents is available today. The Terraform blueprint and deployment guide ship together. Aviatrix Controller 8.2 or later is required.

- Existing Aviatrix Enterprise Transit customers: Attach the Foundry spoke to your existing transit and apply the SmartGroups and WebGroups from the blueprint.

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- New customers: Deploy a standalone Aviatrix Spoke Gateway inside the Foundry VNet – one UDR on the agent subnet, no hub peering required.

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- Ask your Aviatrix account team for a guided deployment: terraform apply, the scenario cards, and the back-out path – in under an hour.

**Request a 30-minute architecture review**

**Walk through the enforcement model in your environment, map your current Foundry agent inventory, and identify the egress paths you currently cannot see.**

## About Aviatrix

Aviatrix® is pioneering the Cloud Native Security Fabric – the architecture the Containment Era requires. The Cloud Native Security Fabric governs every workload communication path across every cloud, every VPC, every Kubernetes cluster, and every serverless function, from a single policy plane. One rule. Universal propagation. Enforced at the workload, not at a chokepoint. Trusted by more than 500 of the world's leading enterprises. For more information, visit [aviatrix.ai](https://aviatrix.ai).